

Southern California Edison
**WSD-001 – Resolution WSD-001 to Establish Procedures for the Wildfire Safety Division's
Review of 2020 Wildfire Mitigation Plans Pursuant to PUC Sections 8386 and 8386.3**

DATA REQUEST SET T U R N - S C E - 0 0 1

To: TURN
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Received Date: 2/20/2020

Response Date: 2/25/2020

Question 008f:

Re. EVM, activity VM-1 (WMP Sec. 5.3.5.16.1, and Table 25, activity 16.1):

f. Re. p. 5-103, and the approximately 10,000 trees (16,078-5,917) that were identified for removal but not removed, please disaggregate the number by any major reasons for delays, including at minimum the two reasons mentioned in the WMP (timely permission to perform the removals and slower-than-expected onboarding of contractors needed to perform the required removals).

Response to Question 008f:

As stated in our 2020-2022 WMP, SCE identified 16,078 trees for removal and was able to remove 5,917 trees in 2019 leaving 10,161 trees. As noted, constraints and onboarding were the two primary reasons. The majority of the constraints (approximately 5,700) were in the Inyo and Sierra National Forest areas. Table 1, below, breaks out these constraints into environmental (including the permit process), environmental/weather, and just weather constraints in addition to the time period of the delay.

Table 1

CONSTRAINED INVENTORY ONLY (Incomplete & Constrained)			
	JAN		
	Enviro	Enviro & Weather	Weather
Due = <90	149	79	297
Due >90-180	229	2,897	2,058
Due >180	-	-	-
Total by Constraint Type	378	2,976	2,355
Total Constrained Inventory	5,709		

Regarding onboarding of resources, Tables 2 & 3, below, provide a graphical representation of how SCE achieved its assessments and removals numbers. The latter half of 2019 yielded a larger number of assessments and removals, primarily due to onboarding additional resources.

Table 2 – HTMP Assessments by Month

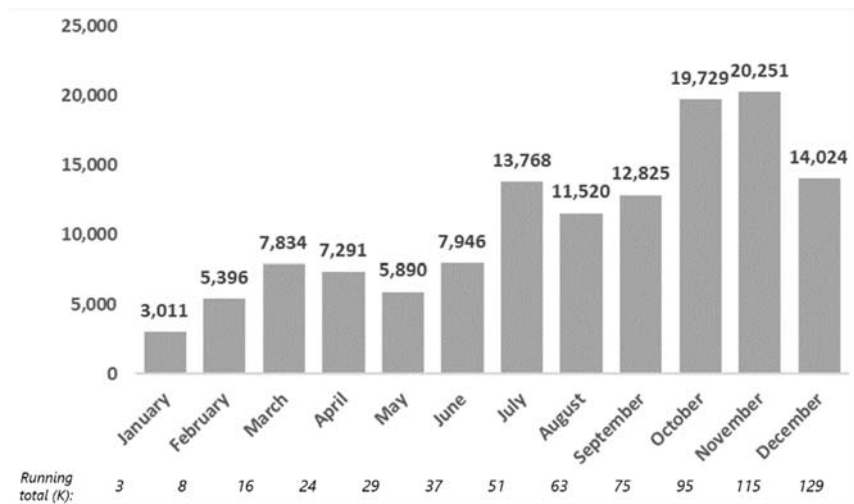


Table 3 – HTMP Removals by Month

